Lab Dept: Hematology

Test Name: MALARIA, RAPID ANTIGEN TEST

General Information

Lab Order Codes: RMAL

Synonyms: BinaxNOW® Malaria Test; Malaria Antigen test; Rapid test for Plasmodium;

Rapid Antigen Test for Malaria

CPT Codes: 87899 – Plasmodium falciparum

87899 - Plasmodium vivax

Test Includes: Antigen testing for Plasmodium falciparum as well as pan-malarial antigen

that is shared by other Plasmodium species causing human malaria.

Logistics

Test Indications: Useful for providing a rapid result in diagnosing malaria.

Lab Testing Sections: Hematology

Phone Numbers: MIN Lab: 612-813-6280

STP Lab: 651-220-6550

Test Availability: 7 days a week, 24 hours per day

Turnaround Time: 2 hours

Special Instructions: Rapid antigen testing should be followed up with examination of thick and

thin peripheral blood smear.

Specimen

Specimen Type: Whole blood

Container: EDTA Lavender top tube or EDTA Lavender Microtainer®.

Draw Volume: Lavender (EDTA) 2 mL Vacutainer tube: Minimum fill volume of 1 mL is

required. Allow the tube to fill until the vacuum is exhausted, and blood flow

ceases.

Lavender (EDTA) Microtainer tube: Minimum of **0.5** mL is required. To be used for neonates, collected volumes <1.0 mL, or when a capillary (skin

puncture) collection is required

Processed Volume: Same as Draw Volume

Collection: Venipuncture of Capillary collection

Special Processing: Lab Staff: **Do Not** centrifuge. Test is done on whole blood

Patient Preparation: None

Sample Rejection: Improper tube; clotted sample; underfilled tube; mislabeled or unlabeled

specimens

Interpretive

Reference Range: Negative for Plasmodium antigen

Critical Values: Positive for Malarial parasite

Limitations: A negative test does not exclude infection with malaria, particularly at low

levels of parasitemia.

Positive test results should also be verified by examination of thick and thin

peripheral blood smears.

Methodology: The BinaxNOW® Malaria Test is an immunochromatographic membrane

assay that uses monoclonal antibodies to detect Plasmodium falciparum antigen and pan – malarial (an antigen shared by Plasmodium species causing human malaria) in venous and capillary whole blood specimens.

Contraindications: This test has not been established for monitoring the treatment of malaria.

Residual plasmodium antigen may be detected for several days following

the elimination of the parasite by anti-malaria treatment.

This test is not intended for use in screening asymptomatic populations.

References: BinaxNOW® Malaria Package Insert

Updates: 4/2/2025: updated volume requirements