# HOSPITAL Guideline

# **PRIMARY SPONTANEOUS PNEUMOTHORAX (PSP)**

# Children's

Aim: To provide a consistent approach to PSP emphasizing shared decision making and consistent communication.



Disclaimer: This guideline is designed for general use with most patients; each clinician should use their own independent judgment to meet the needs of each individual patient. This guideline is not a substitute for professional medical advice, diagnosis or treatment.

Aim: To provide a consistent approach to PSP emphasizing shared decision making and consistent communication.

### STANDARD PNEUMOTHORAX COMMUNICATION

# How successful is chest tube placement for a PSP?

70% have resolution of the air leak in <3 days.

# How often does a recurrent pneumothorax occur on the same side?

40% have recurrence on the same side. Should a second PNX occur the risk is higher than 60% for a third.

### How often will a recurrence happen on the opposite side?

10% of patients will experience a pneumothorax on the opposite side.

### Can a pneumothorax be life-threatening?

These events are relatively low risk. A mortality rate is quoted as <1%.

### How successful is a surgical pleurodesis?

95% of patients are "cured" (no future recurrence)

# How long after a chest tube placement for pneumothorax can the following activities be performed?

High aerobic and/or contact sports Commercial airline travel Travel to altitude (>8,000 feet) SCUBA diving 4 weeks 4 weeks 4 weeks Never

#### SHARED DECISION MAKING:

Primary spontaneous pneumothorax is a relatively low risk event in most cases. Issues of recurrence, occurrence on the opposite side and the decision to perform surgery hinge on the tolerance to risk. The thought of pneumothorax while on vacation may be paralyzing to one family and presumed not likely by another. Family preference and lifestyle issues will result in different conclusions by different families.

## STANDARD COMMUNICATION FOLLOWING SURGICAL PLEURODESIS

# How successful is surgical pleurodesis at preventing recurrent pneumothorax?

Surgical pleurodesis has a "cure" rate of 95%.

### How uncomfortable to the patient is a surgical pleurodesis?

The object of surgery is to disrupt the inner lining of the chest wall and lung surface so that the two surfaces adhere to one another. This procedure is painful and requires post-operative intravenous pain support.

#### What are the complications of surgical pleurodesis?

The procedure is considered low risk but all procedures have unexpected risk. Low percentage complications include: unexpected bleeding, prolonged air leak (>7 days); post-operative secretion retention and the requirement for supplemental oxygen.

### How long after surgery will my child be discharged?

Almost all children are discharged by 5 days depending on comfort.

# How long after surgical pleurodesis for pneumothorax can the following activities be performed?

4–6 weeks
4–6 weeks
4–6 weeks
Never

#### **References:**

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