## Lab Dept: Microbiology

### Test Name: YEAST ONLY CULTURE AND GRAM STAIN

#### General Information

**Lab Order Codes:** STLY

**Synonyms:** Culture, Yeast Only

**CPT Codes:**
- 87102 – Culture, fungi isolation, with presumptive identification of isolates; other source except blood
- 87106 – Culture, fungi definitive identification, each organism; yeast
- 87205 – Smear, primary source with interpretation; Gram or Giemsa stain for bacteria, fungi or cell types

**Test Includes:** Culture for Candida and other yeasts and Gram stain.

#### Logistics

**Lab Testing Sections:** Microbiology

**Phone Numbers:**
- MIN Lab: 612-813-5866
- STP Lab: 651-220-6555

**Test Availability:** Daily, 24 hours

**Turnaround Time:** Preliminary report available at 1 day, final report within 5 days.

**Special Instructions:** Specimen site and date/time of collection are required for specimen processing.

#### Specimen

**Specimen Type:** Throat, fresh random stool or rectal swab, skin, urine, vagina or other sources in which yeast may be suspected.

**Container:** Sterile container or swab transport system; plastic, leak-proof container for stool specimens or Para-Pak® C&S system for stool specimens with delayed transport of more than 1 hour (available from Materials, Storeroom Item# 9976).

**Volume:** 2 grams, 2 mL or swab
**Collection:**

**Fresh Stool:**

**Onsite collections ONLY:**

1. Collect fresh, diarrheal stool in a clean, dry bedpan or on a newspaper over the toilet. Do not contaminate with urine, residual soap or disinfectants.
2. Transfer to a plastic, leak-proof container.
3. Specimens in diapers are not acceptable. Pediatric patients with severe diarrhea may use a U bag collection system. Place the bag over the anal area in an attempt to retrieve the specimen before it soaks into the diaper. The diaper can also be reversed with the plastic side toward the skin to prevent the specimen from soaking into the diaper. Transfer specimen into a plastic, leak-proof container.
4. If there is a delay in transport of more than 1 hour, preserve specimen using the Para-Pak® (C&S) system. Refer to Special Processing.

**Rectal Swab:**

1. Insert swab approximately 1 inch into anal canal.
2. Gently move the swab from side to side to sample the anal crypts.
3. Feces should be evident on the swab.
4. Place swab in culturette.

**Skin:**

1. Gently swab affected area or active border of a lesion.
2. Place swab in culturette.

**Urine:**

1. Submit a catheterized specimen (2 – 10 mL).
2. Collect early-morning specimen in a sterile container.
3. 24 hour specimens are unacceptable.

**Vaginal swab:**

1. Wipe away excessive amount of secretion or discharge.
2. Obtain secretions from mucosal membrane of the vaginal vault with a sterile swab.
3. If smear is also requested, collect a second swab.
4. Place swab in culturette.
Special Processing: Instructions for Para-Pak® (C&S) system for stool when delayed transport >1 hour is expected:

1. Fill vial by using the spoon built into the lid of the vial and transferring small scoopfuls of stool from areas which appear bloody, slimy or watery until the contents rise to the “Fill Here” red line. **Do not overfill.**
2. If the stool is formed, sample small amounts from each end, sides and the middle.
3. Mix the contents of the vials with the spoon. Screw cap on **tightly** and shake the vial vigorously until the contents are well mixed. Make sure there is no leakage.
4. Label vials with patient’s name, date and time of collection.
5. Store vials at room temperature.
6. Return collection kit to laboratory within 72 hours.

Transport/Storage: Onsite collections: Transport to the laboratory immediately.

**Offsite collections:** Refrigerate swab and urine specimens. Do not refrigerate Para-Pak® (C&S) vials. Specimens must be promptly transported to the laboratory, with the next available courier, not to exceed 24 hours from the time of collection. However, delayed transport causes a delay of test results.

Sample Rejection: **No diapers accepted.** Unpreserved, fresh specimens with a transit time exceeding 2 hours after collection; multiple specimens received on same day; improperly labeled specimen; specimen contaminated with urine and/or water; specimen containing interfering substances such as castor oil, bismuth, Metamucil®, barium, Vaseline®, or other cream contaminants. Specimens with prolonged transit time (see Transport/Storage for requirements) If an unacceptable specimen is received, the physician or nursing station will be notified and another specimen will be requested before the specimen is discarded.

**Interpretive**

Reference Range: No yeast isolated after 5 days or Yeast not in a 2:1 ratio to normal stool flora.

Critical Value: Isolation of Cryptococcus neoformans, Coccidioides immitis, Histoplasma capsulatum, Blastomyces dermatitidis, Sporothrix schenkii, and other fungi in significant body sites and clinical situations. The physician or patient’s nurse will be notified of any yeast or mold isolated from a sterile body site or a systemic infection.

Additional Information: Overgrowth of yeast is frequent in patients on antibiotics and/or immunosuppressive agents. In compromised patients, this increases the risk of invasive disease. Low numbers of yeast can be seen as part of normal flora.

Methodology: Culture
References:


Updates:

6/20/2012: Critical value added
11/18/2013: Urine added as an acceptable specimen.
11/20/2014: Offsite information added.